action to ensure the safe operation of the aircraft);

- (ii) Less than 1 mile laterally from any geographic feature within the park (unless more than ½ mile outside the boundary); or
  - (iii) Except as provided in §136.35.
- (2) The Administrator may consider the following factors in determining whether a flight is a commercial air tour operation for purposes of this subpart—
- (i) Whether there was a holding out to the public of willingness to conduct a sightseeing flight for compensation or hire:
- (ii) Whether a narrative that referred to areas or points of interest on the surface below the route of the flight was provided by the person offering the flight;
  - (iii) The area of operation;
- (iv) The frequency of flights conducted by the person offering the flight:
  - (v) The route of flight;
- (vi) The inclusion of sightseeing flights as part of any travel arrangement package offered by the person offering the flight;
- (vii) Whether the flight would have been canceled based on poor visibility of the surface below the route of the flight; and
- (viii) Any other factors that the Administrator and Director consider appropriate.
- (3) For purposes of §136.35, means any flight conducted for compensation or hire in a powered aircraft where a purpose of the flight is sightseeing over a national park.
- (e) National park means any unit of the national park system. (See title 16 of the U.S. Code, section 1, et seq.)
- (f) Tribal lands means that portion of Indian country (as that term is defined in section 1151 of title 18 of the U.S. Code) that is within or abutting a national park.
- (g) Administrator means the Administrator of the Federal Aviation Administration.
- (h) *Director* means the Director of the National Park Service.
- (i) Superintendent means the duly appointed representative of the National

Park Service for a particular unit of the national park system.

[Doc. No. FAA-2001-8690, 67 FR 65667, Oct. 25, 2002. Redesignated and amended by Amdt. 136-1, 72 FR 6912, Feb. 13, 2007; Amdt. 136-1, 72 FR 31450, June 7, 2007]

## § 136.35 Prohibition of commercial air tour operations over the Rocky Mountain National Park.

All commercial air tour operations in the airspace over the Rocky Mountain National Park are prohibited regardless of altitude.

[Doc. No. FAA-2001-8690, 67 FR 65667, Oct. 25, 2002. Redesignated by Amdt. 136-1, 72 FR 6912, Feb. 13, 2007]

## § 136.37 Overflights of national parks and tribal lands.

- (a) General. A commercial air tour operator may not conduct commercial air tour operations over a national park or tribal land except—
  - (1) In accordance with this section;
- (2) In accordance with conditions and limitations prescribed for that operator by the Administrator; and
- (3) In accordance with any applicable air tour management plan for the park or tribal lands.
- (b) Application for operating authority. Before commencing commercial air tour operations over a national park or tribal lands, a commercial air tour operator shall apply to the Administrator for authority to conduct the operations over the park or tribal lands.
- (c) Number of operations authorized. In determining the number of authorizations to issue to provide commercial air tour operations over a national park, the Administrator, in cooperation with the Director, shall take into consideration the provisions of the air tour management plan, the number of existing commercial air tour operators and current level of service and equipment provided by any such operators, and the financial viability of each commercial air tour operation.
- (d) Cooperation with National Park Service. Before granting an application under this subpart, the Administrator, in cooperation with the Director, shall develop an air tour management plan in accordance with §136.39 and implement such a plan.

## § 136.39

- (e) Time limit on response to applications. Every effort will be made to act on any application under this subpart and issue a decision on the application not later than 24 months after it is received or amended.
- (f) Priority. In acting on applications under this paragraph to provide commercial air tour operations over a national park, the Administrator shall give priority to an application under this paragraph in any case where a new entrant commercial air tour operator is seeking operating authority with respect to that national park.
- (g) Exception. Notwithstanding this section, commercial air tour operators may conduct commercial air tour operations over a national park under part 91 of this chapter if—
- (1) Such activity is permitted under part 119 of this chapter;
- (2) The operator secures a letter of agreement from the Administrator and the Superintendent for that park describing the conditions under which the operations will be conducted; and
- (3) The number of operations under this exception is limited to not more than a total of 5 flights by all operators in any 30-day period over a particular park.
- (h) Special rule for safety requirement. Notwithstanding §136.41, an existing commercial air tour operator shall apply, not later than January 23, 2003 for operating authority under part 119 of this chapter, for certification under part 121 or part 135 of this chapter. A new entrant commercial air tour operator shall apply for such authority before conducting commercial air tour operations over a national park or tribal lands that are within or abut a national park. The Administrator shall make every effort to act on such application for a new entrant and issue a decision on the application not later than 24 months after it is received or amend-

[Doc. No. FAA-2001-8690, 67 FR 65667, Oct. 25, 2002. Redesignated and amended by Amdt. 136-1, 72 FR 6912, Feb. 13, 2007; Amdt. 136-1, 72 FR 31450]

## § 136.39 Air tour management plans (ATMP).

(a) Establishment. The Administrator, in cooperation with the Director, shall

- establish an air tour management plan for any national park or tribal land for which such a plan is not in effect whenever a person applies for authority to conduct a commercial air tour operation over the park. The air tour management plan shall be developed by means of a public process in accordance with paragraph (d) of this section. The objective of any air tour management plan is to develop acceptable and effective measures to mitigate or prevent the significant adverse impacts, if any, of commercial air tour operations upon the natural and cultural resources, visitor experiences, and tribal
- (b) Environmental determination. In establishing an air tour management plan under this section, the Administrator and the Director shall each sign the environmental decision document required by section 102 of the National Environmental Policy Act of 1969 (42 U.S.C. 4332) which may include a finding of no significant impact, an environmental assessment, or an environmental impact statement and the record of decision for the air tour management plan.
- (c) Contents. An air tour management plan for a park—
- (1) May prohibit commercial air tour operations in whole or in part;
- (2) May establish conditions for the conduct of commercial air tour operations, including, but not limited to, commercial air tour routes, maximum number of flights per unit of time, maximum and minimum altitudes, time of day restrictions, restrictions for particular events, intrusions on privacy on tribal lands, and mitigation of noise, visual, or other impacts;
- (3) Shall apply to all commercial air tour operations within ½ mile outside the boundary of a national park;
- (4) Shall include incentives (such as preferred commercial air tour routes and altitudes, and relief from caps and curfews) for the adoption of quiet technology aircraft by commercial air tour operators conducting commercial air tour operations at the park;
- (5) Shall provide for the initial allocation of opportunities to conduct commercial air tour operations if the